Social Isolation & Loneliness in Older Adults: Risk Factors

Health care and social service professionals should have knowledge of major risk factors for social isolation and loneliness to identify older adults who may be socially isolated or lonely, and to anticipate with their patients/clients any possible changes in their life circumstances that could put them at risk of social isolation and loneliness.

Risk factors and groups associated with greater risk of social isolation & loneliness:

Advanced age	Living alone	Widowhood/ divorce
Small/shrinking social networks	Low income/ poverty	Physical health issues
Lack of affordable housing	Poor health behaviours	Caregivers for older adults
Racialized older adults	Women	2SLGBTQIA+ older adults
The above information is from the <u>Canadian Clinical</u> <u>Guidelines on Social Isolation and Loneliness in Older Adults</u>		

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